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## PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

* *		* *	* *	* *	* Welcome to STN International * * * * * * * * *
NIE	EWS	1			Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
	EWS	2	DEC	0.1	ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable
	EWS	3	FEB		Simultaneous left and right truncation (SLART) added
		-			for CERAB, COMPUAB, ELCOM, and SOLIDSTATE
NE	EWS	4	FEB	02	GENBANK enhanced with SET PLURALS and SET SPELLING
NE	EWS	5	FEB		Patent sequence location (PSL) data added to USGENE
	EWS		FEB		COMPENDEX reloaded and enhanced
	EWS		FEB		WTEXTILES reloaded and enhanced
NE	EWS	8	FEB	19	New patent-examiner citations in 300,000 CA/CAplus
					patent records provide insights into related prior
2.75	EWS	9	FEB	10	art
NE	LWS	9	FEB	19	Increase the precision of your patent queries use terms from the IPC Thesaurus, Version 2009.01
NE	PINC	10	FEB	23	Several formats for image display and print options
141	1110	10	LED	25	discontinued in USPATFULL and USPAT2
NE	CWS	11	FEB	2.3	MEDLINE now offers more precise author group fields
					and 2009 MeSH terms
NE	EWS	12	FEB	23	TOXCENTER updates mirror those of MEDLINE - more
					precise author group fields and 2009 MeSH terms
NE	EWS	13	FEB	23	Three million new patent records blast AEROSPACE into
					STN patent clusters
NE	EWS	14	FEB	25	USGENE enhanced with patent family and legal status
		2.5		0.0	display data from INPADOCDB
NE	SWS	15	MAR	06	INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB enhanced with new display formats
ME	PMS	16	MAR	11	EPFULL backfile enhanced with additional full-text
141	1110	10	THIL		applications and grants
NE	EWS	17	MAR	11	ESBIOBASE reloaded and enhanced
		18	MAR		CAS databases on STN enhanced with new super role
					for nanomaterial substances
NE	EWS	19	MAR	23	CA/CAplus enhanced with more than 250,000 patent
					equivalents from China
		20	MAR		IMSPATENTS reloaded and enhanced
NE	EWS	21	APR	03	CAS coverage of exemplified prophetic substances
		22	APR	0.7	enhanced
		23	APR		STN is raising the limits on saved answers CA/CAplus now has more comprehensive patent assignee
NE	LWS	23	APK	24	information
ME	CWS	2.4	APR	26	USPATFULL and USPAT2 enhanced with patent
.,,			111 11	20	assignment/reassignment information
NE	EWS	25	APR	28	CAS patent authority coverage expanded
		26	APR		ENCOMPLIT/ENCOMPLIT2 search fields enhanced
NE	EWS	27	APR	28	Limits doubled for structure searching in CAS
					REGISTRY

## AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 JUNE 2008.

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=> => file cap

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FILE TOTAL NTRY SESSION 0.22 0.22

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 4 May 2009 VOL 150 ISS 19 FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 May 2009 (20090503/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> e methoxy poly(ethylene oxide)40 undecyl methacrylate

E1 1 METHOXXYETHYL/BI E2 156915 METHOXY/BI

E3 0 --> METHOXY POLY(ETHYLENE OXIDE)40 UNDECYL METHACRYLATE/BI
E4 1 METHOXYO/BI

E4 1 METHOXY0/BI E5 1 METHOXY0TETRALIN/BI

E5 1 METHOXYUTETR E6 19 METHOXY1/BI

E6 19 METHOXY1/B1 E7 1 METHOXY10/BI

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E8
           1 METHOXY11/BI
1 METHOXY11B/BI
E9
            1 METHOXY12A/BI
1 METHOXY13/BI
E10
E11
E12
           1
                 METHOXY14/BI
=> e methoxy poly(ethylene oxide)40 undecyl alpha-methacrylate
E13
                  METHOXXYETHYL/BI
E14
      156915
                  METHOXY/BI
        0 --> METHOXY POLY(ETHYLENE OXIDE)40 UNDECYL ALPHA-METHACRYLATE/BI
E15
E16
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E17
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E18
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E19
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E20
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E22
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                METHOXY13/BI
METHOXY14/BI
E23
            1
E24
            1
=> s methoxy poly(ethylene oxide)40 undecyl alpha-methacrylate
MISSING OPERATOR 'POLY(ETHYLENE'
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.
=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                               TOTAL
                                                     ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                      1.50
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                         3 MAY 2009 HIGHEST RN 1141929-94-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 3 MAY 2009 HIGHEST RN 1141929-94-3
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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2009.
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 conducting SmartSELECT searches.
```

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

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=> e methoxy poly(ethylene oxide)40 undecyl methacrylate/cn
E25 1 METHOXY PEG 4000/CN
E26 1 METHOXY POLY(ETHYLENE GLYCOL) 4-NITROPHENOL CARBONATE/CN
E27 0 ->> METHOXY POLY(ETHYLENE OXIDE)40 UNDECYL METHACRYLATE/CN
E28 1 METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL ACRYLATE HOMOPOLYMER/CN
E29 1 METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL ACRYLATE HOMOPOLYMER/CN
E30 1 METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL METHACRYLATE/CN
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E31
                  METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL METHACRYLATE HOMOPOLYMER/CN
E32
                  METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL METHACRYLATE-3-(METHACRYLOYLAMIN
                  O) PROPYL TRIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE COPOLYMER/CN
E33
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                  OPYLTRIMETHYLAMMONIUM MONOMETHYL SULFATE GRAFT COPOLYMER/CN
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E34
                  TUM METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER/CN
E35
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E36
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                  -4-VINYLPYRIDINE COPOLYMER/CN
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             1 "METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL METHACRYLATE"/CN
=> s e30/cn
             1 "METHOXY POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL METHACRYLATE"/CN
=> d 12
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
RN
    26915-72-0 REGISTRY
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
CN
    Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), \alpha-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)-\omega-
    methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
   Glycols, polyethylene, monomethacrylate, methyl ether (8CI)
CN
    Methacrylic acid, ester with polyethylene glycol methyl ether (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Bisomer 350
CN
    Bisomer MPEG 1000MA
CN
   Bisomer MPEG 350MA
CN Bisomer MPEG 550MA
CN Bisomer S 10W
CN Bisomer S 20W
CN Bisomer S 7W
CN Blemmer PME 1000
CN Blemmer PME 150
CN Blemmer PME 200
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CN Blemmer PME 4000
CN Blemmer PME 450
CN Blemmer PME 550
CN CD 522
CN CD 550
CN CD 552
CN FA 400M
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CN Light Ester 041MA
CN
    Light Ester 130MA
CN
    Light Ester M 230G
CN
    M 230G
CN
    M 40G
CN
    M 900G
CN
    M 90G
CN
    MAE 400
CN
    ME 100
CN
    ME 100 (polyoxyalkylene)
CN
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CN
    ME 200
CN
    ME 200 (polyoxyalkylene)
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CN
    ME 40
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CN
    Methoxy polyethylene glycol methacrylate
CN
    Methoxypolyethylene glycol monomethacrylate
CN
    MG 8
CN
    MPEG 550 methacrylate
    MPEG 550MA
CN
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    NF Bisomer S 20W
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    NK Ester M 1000G
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CN NK Ester M 130G
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ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
    DISPLAY
    862118-84-1, 876930-62-0, 1007311-66-1, 161161-97-3, 122093-20-3,
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    136036-18-5, 112352-67-7, 138981-97-2, 139091-15-9, 142233-43-0,
    78623-21-9, 152730-80-8, 110540-42-6, 156932-34-2, 161126-65-4,
    180028-35-7, 189638-26-4, 191940-85-9, 218956-80-0, 220654-94-4,
    256488-92-3, 292149-01-0
    (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2
MF
    PMS, COM
PCT Polyether
                 AGRICOLA, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
    STN Files:
      CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPATZ, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
    Other Sources: NDSL**, TSCA**
        (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

806 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 269 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 807 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

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SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 14.67

16.39

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 May 2009 (20090503/ED)
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=> s 12
13 807 L2
=> s L2RACT
L4 0 L2RACT
=> s L2/RACT
807 L2
3272257 RACT/RL
L5 210 L2/RACT
(L2 (L) RACT/RL)
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## => s au=yang NUMERIC VALUE NOT VALID 'YANG'

Numeric values may contain 1-8 significant figures. If range notation is used, both the beginning and the end of the range must be specified, e.g., '250-300/MW'. Expressions such as '250-/MW' are not allowed. To search for values above or below a given number, use the  $\rangle$ , ->, <, or <= operators, e.g., 'MW => 250'. Text terms cannot be used in numeric expressions. If you specify a unit, it must be dimensionally correct for that field code. To see the unit designations for field codes in the current file, enter "DISPLAY UNIT ALL" at an arrow promot (=>).

=> e	au=yang	
E37	2	AU9S/BI
E38	1	AU9S2/BI
E39	0>	AU=YANG/BI
E40	350	AUA/BI
E41	1	AUA0/BI
E42	11	AUA1/BI
E43	5	AUA2/BI
E44	1	AUA2CL/BI
E45	4	AUA3/BI
E46	14	AUA4/BI
E47	1	AUA440/BI
E48	1	AUA6665/BI
=> e	yang yi/au	
E49	1	YANG YEZHONG/AU
E50	2	YANG YEZHOU/AU
E51	1355>	YANG YI/AU
E52	1	YANG YI BAO/AU
E53	2	YANG YI BIAO/AU

E54	7	YANG YI	BIN/AU
E55	2	YANG YI	BING/AU
E56	2	YANG YI	BING OU/AU
E57	4	YANG YI	BO/AU
E58	1	YANG YI	
E59	14	YANG YI	CHANG/AU
E60	4	YANG YI	CHAO/AU

=> s e51

1355 "YANG YI"/AU

=> file reg

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

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E62	1	ISOPROPYLACETYLENE/CN
E63	1>	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE/CN
E64	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-ACRYLIC ACID DIBLOCK COPOLYMER/CN
E65	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-L-LYSINE GRAFT COPOLYMER/CN
E66	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-LACTIDE DIBLOCK COPOLYMER/CN
E67	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-MALEIC ANHYDRIDE-POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL COP
		OLYMER/CN
E68	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-METHACRYLIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN
E69	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-METHACRYLIC ACID-METHYL METHACRYLATE COP
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E70	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-METHACRYLIC ACID-METHYLENEBISACRYLAMIDE
		COPOLYMER/CN
E71	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-METHACRYLIC ACID-SODIUM 2-ACRYLAMIDO-2-M
		ETHYL-1-PROPANESULFONATE COPOLYMER/CN
E72	1	ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE-METHYL METHACRYLATE BLOCK COPOLYMER/CN

=> s e63

1.7 1 ISOPROPYLACRYLAMIDE/CN

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=> d 17
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    2210-25-5 REGISTRY
RN
   Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
CN 2-Propenamide, N-(1-methylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Acrylamide, N-isopropyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
   4.4-Dimethvl-2-vinvloxazol-5-one
CN
    Isopropylacrylamide
CN N-(1-Methylethyl)-2-propenamide
CN N-Isopropylacrylamide
CN
    N-Isopropylpropenamide
CN
    NTPAAm
CN
    NTPAM
CM
    NSC 11448
MF
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CI
    COM
LC
    STN Files:
                AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS,
      CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB,
      IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO,
      TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
        (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
    Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
        (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
i-PrNH-C-CH-CH2
**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
           1123 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
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1123 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
356 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1132 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> FILE CAP COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 8.36 34.97

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=> s L7 1.8 1132 L7

=> s L3 AND L8 11 L3 AND L8

=> d L9 1-11 ibib abs

ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:21819 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:106149

TITLE: Polymers based on water-soluble monoolefinic monomers

comprising colloidal silica and their use as matrix

polymers for solid dosage forms INVENTOR (S): Mertoglu, Murat; Kolter, Karl; Mathauer, Klemens;

Rossler, Gerhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF SE, Germany

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 5pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20090011017	A1	20090108	JS 2008-164246	20080630
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		1	EP 2007-111849 A	20070705
AB The invention velot			harad an managhadada	

The invention relates to novel polymers based on monoolefinic monomers and colloidal silica, a process for manufacturing such polymers and their use as matrix polymers in pharmaceutical or cosmetic prepns. Copolymers are obtained by free-radical polymerization of a mixture of (a) 80 to 99% by weight of a

monoolefinic monomer selected from the group consisting of acrylic monomers, methacrylic monomers and N-vinyllactam monomers (monomers a) and (b) 1 to 20% by weight of a monoolefinic silane monomer (monomer b), in the presence of colloidal amorphous silica, with the proviso that the total of components (a) and (b) equals 100% by weight Thus, a clear polymer gel was prepared by polymerization at 80° of 87.5 g of N-vinylpyrrolidone, 12.5 g of (3-methacryloyloxy)propyltrimethoxysilane, and 1.88 g of Levasil 200A in 500 g water, using 2 g of free-radical polymerization initiator 2,2'-azobis(2-amidinopropane) dihydrochloride (Wako V50) in 50 g water, and dried at 50°. A mixture of propranolol HCl 160 mg, the copolymer prepared 160 mg, highly disperse silica 3.4 mg, and magnesium stearate 1.6 mg was compressed into tablets having a strength at break and friability of 68 N and <0.1%, resp.

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1155669 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:408949

TITLE: Cationic latex as a carrier for active ingredients and

methods for making and using the same

INVENTOR(S): Krishnan, Venkataram

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 36pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 895541. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20080233062	A1	20080925	US 2008-116006	20080506
US 20080057049	A1	20080306	US 2007-895541	20070824
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2006-839973P	P 20060824
			US 2007-895541	A2 20070824

AB This invention relates to the field of polymeric materials that can be used in combination with a wide variety of substrates, such as textiles, metal, cellulosic materials, plastics, and the like, and to the field of active agents including, for example, antimicrobial, antibacterial, and antifungal materials. This invention further relates to latex polymer coatings that comprise at least one active component as well as methods for making and using such latex compns. Thus, deodorant composition was prepared

comprising DC245 fluid 49.30%, Bentone gel VS-5/PC 13.50%, Puresyn 4 10.0%, Asensa CL 110 1.0%, Cabosil M5 0.2%, Reach AZP 908 SUF 24.0%, and dipropylene glycol 2.0%.

ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:1072943 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:333555

TITLE: A high throughput screening method and apparatus to produce modified polymers particularly membranes

Belfort, Georges; Kilduff, James; Zhou, Mingyan; INVENTOR(S): Anderson, Daniel; Langer, Robert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, USA; Massachusetts

Institute of Technology

PCT Int. Appl., 47pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
WO 2008106323 WO 2008106323			A2 20080904 A3 20081016				WO 2008-US53866					20080213					
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							KZ,										
							SC, UG,								SY,	TJ,	TM,
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR.	GB,			
							LV,										
							LS,										

AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2007-904032P P 20070228

AB The present invention discloses a method of screening forms of monomers for effects of their polymers on a filter. This involves providing a multiple well filter, applying a monomer solution to one or more wells of the filter, polymerizing the monomer to produce a polymer-modified filter, evaluating the polymer-modified filter's performance, and comparing the performance of the polymer-modified filter to the performance of the filter to determine the effect that the polymerizing the monomer has on the performance of the filter. The present invention also relates to a method of producing a polymer-modified, multiple well filter and to an apparatus for screening forms of monomers for effects of their polymers on a filter. Also disclosed is a product which includes various monomers polymerized to a polyethersulfone as well as a method of producing such modified polyethersulfones.

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:702777 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:38818

TITLE: Controlled release drug formulations containing

crystalline side chain polymers
INVENTOR(S): Taft, David D.; Bitler, Steven P

INVENTOR(S): Taft, David D.; Bitler, Steven P.; Zheng, Qiang; Tzannis, Stelios T.; Bell, Adam Warwick

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Landec Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 138pp., .
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIN	D	DATE				ICAT					ATE	
WO	2008	0701	18		A1 A9		2008 2008				007-					0071	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BH,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
		CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DO,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
		KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LY,	MA,	MD,	ME,
		MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,
		PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW				
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	MT,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,
		GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AP,	EA,	EP,	OA					
US	2008	0269	105		A1		2008	1030		US 2	007-	9994	15		2	0071	204
RIT	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US 2	006-	8732	34P		P 2	0061	205

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Formulations of drugs and crystalline side chain polymers provide controlled and/or sustained release drug formulations. E.g., a octadecyl acrylate-acrylic acid polymer is prepared and a formulation containing this

polymer a risperidone was prepared
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:473195 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:456600

TITLE: Superporous hydrogels for heavy-duty applications, such as the low pH environment of the gastric fluid of the stomach

INVENTOR(S): Omidian, Hossein; Rocca, Jose G.

CODEN: USXXCO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT				KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE	
US	US 20080089940				A1 20080417			US 2	007-	7740	 69		20070706				
WO	2009	0290	87		A2 20090305			WO 2007-US72892					20070706				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BH,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
		CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DO,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
		KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LY,	MA,	MD,	ME,
		MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,
		PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW				
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	MT,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,
		GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,
		DV	VC.	17.77	MD	DIT	TTT	TOLE									

BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2006-818891P P 20060706 The present invention features modified superporous hydrogels (SPHs) and methods for their formation. The SPHs of the present invention are prepared by careful selection of the hydrophobic/hydrophilic reactive ingredients and by harmonizing the foaming and polymerization reactions, which results in

the

formation of SPHs having a homogeneous structure and favorable phys. and mech. properties, including swelling, strength, ruggedness, and resiliency. The SPHs of the present invention are particularly useful when employed in very harsh swelling environments, such as the low pH environment of the gastric fluid of the stomach, for extended periods of time. Thus, samples of pHEMA-AAc/Al3+ containing different amts. of aluminum were put into an oven at 95% humidity and 40°; after 1 h, they were removed and manually tested for hardness; they were put back into the oven and incubated overnight, then again removed and manually tested for hardness; finally, the pHEMA-AAc/A13+ SPHs were left in ambient conditions for a few days and manually tested for hardness again. Samples that were put into a humid oven quickly became soft; they were softened within one hour of being put into the oven and were still soft upon later removal from the oven; the process of moisture absorption can be catalyzed by incorporating moisture absorptive materials into the SPH structure, such as silica gel, superdisintegrants, and super water absorbents; polyHEMA SPHs can be encapsulated at conditions where relative humidity and temperature of the environment are favorable for SPH plasticization to occur.

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:471183 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:483156

TITLE: Silver salt photothermographic dry imaging material containing amphiphilic polyacrylamides and manufacture

thereof

INVENTOR(S): Ishige, Osamu; Sakuragi, Rie; Fukusaka, Kiyoshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Minolta Medical & Graphic, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. JP 2008090217 A 20080417 JP 2006-273774 20061005
JP 2008-273774 20061005
JP 2006-273774 20061005 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Disclosed is a silver salt photothermog, dry imaging material containing a nonphotosensitive Ag aliphatic carboxylate grain, a photosensitive Ag halide grain, a reducing agent, a binder, and an amphiphilic polymer, wherein the amphiphilic polymer contains acrylamides having a polyoxyalkylene group as a polymerizing component. The acrylamides may be represented by CH2=CR1-C(:O)NR2[L-(O-Alk)n-X] (R1 = H, alkyl; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl; L = divalent linking group; Alk = alkylene; X = H, substituent; and n = 2-1,000).

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:471175 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:459545

TITLE: Silver salt photothermographic dry imaging material with high sensitivity and low fogging containing

amphiphilic polymer and manufacture thereof Ishige, Osamu; Sakuragi, Rie; Fukusaka, Kiyoshi Konica Minolta Medical & Graphic, Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 43pp. INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2008090132	A	20080417	JP 2006-272701	20061004
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-272701	20061004

AB Disclosed is a silver salt photothermog, dry imaging material containing on a support a nonphotosensitive Ag aliphatic caroxylate grain, a photosensitive Ag halide grain, a reducing agent, a binder, and an amphiphilic polymer, wherein the amphiphilic polymer is a copolymer containing a N-vinyl monomer unit. The N-vinyl monomer unit may include a heterocyclic vinyl monomer.

L9 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:374323 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:387263

TITLE: Controlled drug delivery devices made from degradable

> cationic siloxanvl macromonomers Kunzler, Jay F.; Schorzman, Derek; Ammon, Daniel M.

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17pp.

CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20080075780	A1	20080327	US 2006-527913	20060927
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2006-527913	20060927

Matrix controlled diffusion drug delivery devices based on one or more silicon-containing monomers are as set forth herein.

L9 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:971015 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:288199

TITLE: Method of preparing aqueous microparticle organic

solvent dispersion

INVENTOR(S): Ito, Satoshi; Fujikura, Kazuhiko; Tsuji, Nobuaki PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Minolta Medical & Graphic, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2007218953 ----\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20060214 A 20070830 JP 2006-36174 JP 2006-36174 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20060214

AB Disclosed is a process comprising effective removal of a 1st organic solvent from a dispersion of a hydrophillic polymer protective colloid by using a gravity separation method prior to addition of a 2nd organic solvent to the dispersion.

ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:692233 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:61192

TITLE: Poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-q-poly(ethyleneoxide) for

high resolution and high speed separation of DNA by

capillary electrophoresis

AUTHOR(S): Liang, Dehai; Song, Liquo; Zhou, Shuiqin; Zaitsev,

Vladimir S.; Chu, Benjamin

Department of Chemistry, State University of New York CORPORATE SOURCE: at Stony Brook, Stony Brook, NY, 11794-3400, USA

Electrophoresis (1999), 20(14), 2856-2863 SOURCE:

CODEN: ELCTDN; ISSN: 0173-0835

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

A new separation medium, poly(N-isopropylacrylamide)-q-poly(ethyleneoxide) (PNIPAM-q-PEO) solution, used for double-stranded (ds) DNA separation by

electrophoresis (CE) is presented. This type of grafted copolymer has a good self-coating ability for quartz capillary tubing and a slightly temperature-dependent viscosity-adjustable property, making it easier to use.

One bp resolution was achieved within 12.5 min by using 8% w/v PNIPAM-q-PEO in 1 + TBE (Tris-borate-EDTA) buffer with an effective column length of 10 cm and an applied elec. field strength of 200 V/cm. The PNIPAM-g-PEO solns. had a high sieving ability for relatively small sized DNAs with the relative standard derivation for the first 10 runs being less

than 0.9% by using the same polymer solution With 8% w/v PNIPAM-g-PEO solution in a 1.5 cm column and 2400 V as the running voltage,

Φ+174/HaeIII digest could be clearly separated within 24 s.

THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 31 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:546686 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:283526

TITLE: Copolymers of Poly(N-isopropylacrylamide) Densely Grafted with Poly(ethylene oxide) as High-Performance

Separation Matrix of DNA

AUTHOR(S): Liang, Dehai; Zhou, Shuigin; Song, Liquo; Zaitsev, Vladimir S.; Chu, Benjamin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, State University of New York at Stony Brook, Stony Brook, NY, 11794-3400, USA

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1999), 32(19), 6326-6332

CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Two high mol. weight copolymers of poly(N-isopropylacrylamide) (PNIPAM) densely grafted with a short poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) chains

(PNIPAM-g-PEO) were studied by NMR and laser light scattering. The long PNIPAM chains with densely grafted PEO branches had a random coil conformation at very dilute concns. and low temps. (i.e.,  $T \le$ 

30°). When the temperature was increased above 31°, the

copolymers could undergo a broad "coil-to-globule" transition. The

collapsed copolymer chains had a <Rg>/<Rh>

value of about 1.0 with PNIPAM chains inside the core and the hydrophilic PEO chains on the surface. This kind of PNIPAM-g-PEO copolymers was studied as a DNA separation medium in capillary electrophoresis. Several advantages of the copolymers as a separation medium for DNA fragments were achieved, such as an automatic coating ability for the capillary inner wall, an easier injection into the capillary channel due to the slightly adjustable viscosity with temperature (up to 31°), a high resolution (i.e.,

one base pair resolution), and fast separation time. In contrast, the homo-PNIPAM

or PEO showed worse DNA separation efficiency under similar conditions. The high DNA separation efficiency of the PNIPAM-g-PEO copolymers is related to the polymer chain conformation. The long copolymer chains in a random coil conformation with densely grafted PEO branches could form a phys. network

with a relatively stable and uniform pore size at high concas. (i.e., >10 weight %). The separation medium has a high sieving ability for DNA separation in terms of DNA migration mechanisms. The collapsed copolymer chains in the globule state could destroy the chain network and thus lose the DNA separation ability.

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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